

**CITY OF SAN MATEO
ORDINANCE NO. 2020-8**

Adopting an Emergency Ordinance Amending an Ordinance Imposing a Moratorium on Evictions for Non-Payment of Rent by Tenants Impacted by the COVID-19 Pandemic

WHEREAS, international, national, state, and local health and governmental authorities are responding to an outbreak of respiratory disease caused by a novel coronavirus named "SARS-CoV-2," and the disease it causes has been named "coronavirus disease 2019," abbreviated COVID-19, ("COVID-19"); and

WHEREAS, On March 4, 2020, the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Mateo proclaimed a local state of emergency and the Health Officer of County of San Mateo declared a local health emergency in response to the COVID-19 outbreak; and

WHEREAS, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the California Department of Health, and the San Mateo County Department of Public Health have all issued recommendations including but not limited to social distancing, staying home if sick, canceling or postponing large group events, working from home, and other precautions to protect public health and prevent transmission of this communicable virus; and

WHEREAS, on March 13, 2020, the President of the United States of America declared a national emergency and announced that the federal government would make emergency funding available to assist state and local governments in preventing the spread of and addressing the effects of COVID-19; and

WHEREAS, on March 16, 2020, the County Health Officer issued a further order directing, among other things, that all individuals living in the county to shelter at their place of residence except to provide or receive essential services, or engage in essential activities, and that all businesses and governmental agencies cease non-essential operations at all physical locations in the county; and

WHEREAS, Section 7.04.010 of the Municipal Code of the City of San Mateo appoints the San Mateo County Department of Health and Public Welfare as the Health Officer of the City; and

WHEREAS, Section 7.04.050 of the Municipal Code of the City of San Mateo authorizes the City Council to make such additional rules and regulations as it may deem necessary to secure the prompt and effective control of communicable diseases within the City; and

WHEREAS, on March 16, 2020 the City Council adopted Resolution No. 25 (2020) proclaiming the existence of a local emergency.

WHEREAS, on March 16, 2020, the Governor of the State of California, through Executive Order N-28-20, suspended the preemptive reach of state statutes imposing substantive limitations on residential and commercial evictions to the extent a local government chooses to impose limitations on evictions for non-payment of rent arising out of a substantial decrease in household or business income or substantial out-of-pocket medical expenses caused by the COVID-19 pandemic or by an local, state or federal government response to COVID-19; and

WHEREAS, by its term, the Governor's order suspending the preemptive effect of the state statutes on evictions will expire on May 31, 2020, unless extended; and

WHEREAS, on March 19, the Governor of the State of California, through Executive Order N-33-20, imposed a statewide shelter in place order except as needed to maintain continuity of operations of the federal critical infrastructure sectors or to access necessities such as food, prescriptions, and health care or other authorized activities; and

WHEREAS, the Governor of the State of California has stated that individuals exposed to COVID-19 may be temporarily unable to report to work due to illness caused by COVID-19 or quarantines related to COVID-19 and individuals directly affected by COVID-19 may experience potential loss of income, health care and medical coverage, and ability to pay for housing and basic needs, thereby placing increased demands on already strained regional and local health and safety resources, including shelters and food banks; and

WHEREAS, as a result of the public health emergency, the precautions recommended by state and county health officers, and in compliance with orders issued by those officers, many businesses in San Mateo have experienced or expect soon to experience sudden and unexpected income loss; and

WHEREAS, on March 23, 2020, the San Mateo City Council adopted Ordinance No. 2020-2 to establish emergency limitations on the ability of landlords to evict small business and nonprofit tenants for nonpayment of rent due to financial difficulties arising out of the COVID-19 Pandemic; and

WHEREAS, the City Council desires to extend the term of an eviction moratorium originally enacted by Ordinance No. 2020-2 and to provide additional time for tenants to pay rent deferred during the local emergency as described in the administrative report provided to the City Council with this ordinance;

NOW, THEREFORE, THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SAN MATEO ORDAINS AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Incorporation of Recitals. The City Council finds that the foregoing recitals and administrative report presented with this Ordinance are true and correct and are incorporated into this Ordinance by this reference and adopted as findings of the City Council.

Section 2. Findings. The City Council hereby finds, determines, and declares that this emergency ordinance, adopted pursuant to Section 2.16 of the City Charter of the City of San Mateo, is necessary because:

(a) further economic impacts are anticipated as result of COVID-19-related workplace closures, childcare expenditures due to school closures, health care expenses, labor shortages, and other expenditures stemming from compliance with emergency orders, leaving nonprofit and small business tenants vulnerable to eviction; and

(b) these economic impacts may inhibit nonprofits and small businesses from fulfilling their financial obligations, including rent and public utility payments such as water, sewer, and solid waste collection charges; and

(c) during this local emergency, and in the interest of protecting the public welfare it is essential to avoid unnecessary termination of nonprofit and small business tenancies; and

(d) In the interest of the public welfare, as affected by the emergency caused by the spread of COVID-19, it is necessary for the City Council to its authority to adopt this Ordinance related to the protection of life and property.

Section 3. Urgent Need. Based on the foregoing recitals and findings, all of which are deemed true and correct, this Ordinance is urgently needed for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, safety, or welfare. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately upon adoption in accordance with Section 2.16 of the City Charter.

Section 4. A temporary moratorium on eviction for non-payment of rent by small business and nonprofit entity tenants impacted by the COVID-19 crisis is imposed as follows:

(a) During the period of local emergency declared in response to COVID-19, no landlord shall endeavor to evict a tenant in either of the following situations: (1) for nonpayment of rent if the tenant demonstrates that the tenant is unable to pay rent due to financial impacts related to COVID-19 or (2) for a no-fault eviction unless necessary for the health and safety of tenants, neighbors, or the landlord. A landlord who knows that a tenant cannot pay some or all of the rent temporarily for the reasons set forth above shall not serve a notice pursuant to CCP 1161(2), file or prosecute an unlawful detainer action based on a 3-day pay rent or quit notice, or otherwise seek to evict for nonpayment of rent. A landlord knows of a tenant's inability to pay rent within the meaning of this ordinance if the tenant, within 14 days after the date the landlord provides written notice of this emergency ordinance as required below, notifies the landlord in writing of lost income and inability to pay full rent due to financial impacts related to COVID-19, and provides documentation to support the claim. For purposes of this Ordinance, "in writing" includes email or text communications to a landlord or the landlord's representative with whom the tenant has previously corresponded by email or text. Any medical or financial information provided to the landlord shall be held in confidence, and only used for evaluating the tenant's claim. Nothing in this Ordinance shall relieve the tenant of liability for the unpaid rent, which the landlord may seek after expiration of the local emergency. The tenant must pay all unpaid rent within six months of the date the local emergency is lifted. If after this initial six month period the tenant is unable to repay some or all of the unpaid rent, the tenant shall be entitled to another six months to pay all unpaid rent, provided that during this second six month period the tenant shall pay on a monthly basis at least 50% of the average monthly rent that has been deferred. A landlord may not charge or collect a late fee for rent that is delayed for the reasons stated in this Ordinance; nor may a landlord seek rent that is delayed for the reasons stated in this Ordinance through the eviction process.

(b) Prior to taking any action, during the term of this emergency ordinance, to endeavor to evict a tenant for nonpayment of rent or under any circumstance that constitutes a no-fault termination of tenancy, the landlord must first provide the affected tenant or tenants with written notice of this emergency ordinance using a form developed and approved by the San Mateo City Attorney, which form shall include at a minimum (1) the amount of rent to which the landlord is legally entitled pursuant to any written or oral agreement and under the provisions of State or local law; (2) that this rent is due unless the tenant promptly establishes in writing to the landlord that the amount of rent due qualifies for deferral under this ordinance; and (3) that the notice from the tenant to the landlord of the deferral of rent payment must be provided to the landlord within fourteen (14) days of receipt from the landlord of the written notice required by the subdivision.

(c) For purposes of this Ordinance, "financial impacts related to COVID-19" include, but are not limited to, loss of income due to any of the following: (1) being sick with COVID-19, or caring for a household or family

member who is sick with COVID-19; (2) lay-off, loss of hours, or other income reduction resulting from business closure or other economic or employer impacts of COVID-19; (3) compliance with a recommendation from a government health authority to stay home, self-quarantine, or avoid congregating with others during the state of emergency; (4) extraordinary out-of-pocket medical expenses; or (5) child care needs arising from school closures related to COVID-19.

(d) For purposes of this Ordinance, “no-fault eviction” refers to any eviction for which the notice to terminate tenancy is not based on alleged fault by the tenant, including but not limited to eviction notices served pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure sections 1161(1) or 1161(5).

(e) For the purposes of this Ordinance a “small business” is a business entity with gross receipts of less than \$25 million per year and includes persons and entities who earn income through the rental of housing.

(f) Violations of this Ordinance shall be punishable as set forth in Chapter 1.04 of the San Mateo Municipal Code. In addition, this Ordinance shall serve as a defense in the event that an unlawful detainer action is commenced in violation of this Ordinance. In the event of a violation of this Ordinance, an aggrieved Tenant may institute a civil proceeding for injunctive relief, money damages of not less than three times actual damages (including damages for mental or emotional distress as specified below), and any other relief the Court deems appropriate. In the case of an award of damages for mental or emotional distress, said award shall only be trebled if the trier of fact finds that the Landlord acted in knowing violation of or in reckless disregard of this Ordinance. The prevailing party shall be entitled to reasonable attorney’s fees and costs pursuant to court order. The remedies available under this section shall be in addition to any existing remedies which may be available to the tenant under local, state or federal law.

(g) Administrative review. The City Manager shall have the authority to review and grant relief to a landlord who experiences undue or excessive hardship as a result of this moratorium. An aggrieved landlord shall file a written request for relief explaining the nature of the hardship. Such request shall be accompanied by documentation supporting the claimed hardship, such as the property owner's interest in the property, price paid or option price, assessed value, tax on the property, mortgage indebtedness, income and expense statements for income-producing property, and the like. Decisions of the City Manager shall be appealable to the City Council in the manner prescribed in Sections 7.16.100-110 of the Municipal Code.

(h) This ordinance shall remain in effect until July 31, 2020. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the provisions of subdivision 4(a) deferring the tenant’s obligation to pay rent for 12 months after the date the local emergency has been lifted shall remain in effect until the completion of that 12 month period.

Section 5. Environmental Determination. In accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) guidelines section 15061(b)(3), adoption of this emergency ordinance is exempt from the provisions of CEQA, because there is no possibility that the implementation of this ordinance may have a significant effect on the environment. This ordinance will apply tenant protections to tenants in existing buildings for a limited period of time.

Section 6. Severability. In the event any section, clause or provision of this ordinance shall be determined invalid or unconstitutional, such section, clause or provision shall be deemed severable and all other sections or portions hereof shall remain in full force and effect.

Section 7. Publication. This Ordinance shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in accord with Section 2.16 of the City Charter.

Legislative History and Effective Date. This ordinance was introduced and adopted on June 29, 2020, and shall be effective immediately upon adoption.

The foregoing ordinance was adopted by the City Council of the City of San Mateo, State of California by the following vote:

AYES: Council Members Goethals, Rodriguez, Bonilla, Lee and Papan

NOES: None

ABSENT: None

ATTEST:



Patrice M. Olds, City Clerk



Joe Goethals, Mayor

**AFFIDAVIT OF PUBLICATION
SAN MATEO DAILY JOURNAL**

**STATE OF CALIFORNIA
County of San Mateo**

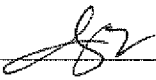
The undersigned declares: That at all times hereinafter mentioned, affiant was a permanent resident of the United States, over the age of eighteen years old, and was at and during all said times. The Office Manager of the San Mateo Daily Journal, a newspaper published daily in the County of San Mateo, State of California. The notice mentioned was set in type no smaller than nonpareil and was preceded with words printed in black face type not smaller than size 6, describing and expressing in general terms, the purpose and character of the notice intended to be given; that the

PUBLIC NOTICE

CITY OF SAN MATEO

Of which the annexed is a printed copy was published and printed in said newspaper on the 2nd Day of July 2020.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

JP Uganiza 

Dated at San Mateo, California,
this 2nd day of JULY 2020.

203 Public Notices

FICTITIOUS BUSINESS NAME STATEMENT #284471

The following person(s) is (are) doing business as: Kellier Williams Realty San Francisco

1. Kellier Williams Commercial San Francisco

2. Kellier Williams Realty San Francisco

3. Kellier Williams San Francisco

4. Kellier Williams San Francisco

5. KW Commercial San Francisco

6. KW San Francisco

This statement was filed with the Assessor-County Clerk on 6/18/20. (Published in the San Mateo Daily Journal, 7/2/20, 7/9/20, 7/16/20, 7/23/20).

FICTITIOUS BUSINESS NAME STATEMENT #284472

The following person(s) is (are) doing business as: Symmetra Health and Chiropractic, 26310 Tillary Ave, SF, CA 94109. Registered Owner(s), Justin Law, same address. The business is conducted by an individual. The registrants commenced to transact business under the FBN on N/A.

This statement was filed with the Assessor-County Clerk on 6/25/20. (Published in the San Mateo Daily Journal, 7/2/20, 7/9/20, 7/16/20, 7/23/20).

FICTITIOUS BUSINESS NAME STATEMENT #284473

The following person(s) is (are) doing business as: Kellier Williams Realty San Francisco

1. Kellier Williams Commercial San Francisco

2. Kellier Williams Realty San Francisco

3. Kellier Williams San Francisco

4. Kellier Williams San Francisco

5. KW Commercial San Francisco

6. KW San Francisco

This statement was filed with the Assessor-County Clerk on 6/18/20. (Published in the San Mateo Daily Journal, 7/2/20, 7/9/20, 7/16/20, 7/23/20).

FICTITIOUS BUSINESS NAME STATEMENT #284474

The following person(s) is (are) doing business as: Kellier Williams Realty San Francisco

1. Kellier Williams Commercial San Francisco

2. Kellier Williams Realty San Francisco

3. Kellier Williams San Francisco

4. Kellier Williams San Francisco

5. KW Commercial San Francisco

6. KW San Francisco

This statement was filed with the Assessor-County Clerk on 6/18/20. (Published in the San Mateo Daily Journal, 7/2/20, 7/9/20, 7/16/20, 7/23/20).

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Send your information via e-mail to saws@smdailyjournal.com or by registered mail to 1720 S. Arroyo Blvd., #123, San Mateo CA 94402.

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or call 650-771-1127 (between 9am-5pm)

AFFIDAVIT OF PUBLICATION
SAN MATEO DAILY JOURNAL

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
County of San Mateo

The undersigned declares: That at all times
hereinafter mentioned...

CITY OF SAN MATEO
ORDINANCE NO. 2020-8

Adopting an Emergency Ordinance Amending an Ordinance
Regarding a Moratorium on Evictions for Non-Payment of Rent by Tenants Impacted by the COVID-19 Pandemic

WHEREAS, international, national, state, and local health and governmental authorities are responding to an outbreak of respiratory disease caused by a coronavirus named SARS-CoV-2, and the disease it causes has been named "coronavirus disease 2019," abbreviated COVID-19 ("COVID-19"); and

WHEREAS, On March 4, 2020, the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Mateo proclaimed a local state of emergency and the Health Officer of County San Mateo declared a local health emergency in response to the COVID-19 outbreak; and

WHEREAS, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the California Department of Health, and the San Mateo County Department of Public Health have issued recommendations including but not limited to social distancing, staying home if sick, canceling or postponing large group events, working from home, and other cautions to protect public health and prevent transmission of this coronavirus virus; and

WHEREAS, on March 13, 2020, the President of the United States of America declared a national emergency and announced that the federal government will make emergency funding available to assist state and local governments in preventing the spread of and addressing the effects of COVID-19; and

WHEREAS, on March 16, 2020, the County Health Officer issued a further order directing, among other things, that all individuals living in the county to stay in their place of residence except to provide or receive essential services, or engage in essential activities, and that all businesses and governmental agencies cease non-essential operations at all physical locations in the county; and

WHEREAS, Section 7.04.010 of the Municipal Code of the City of San Mateo appoints the San Mateo County Department of Health and Public Welfare as Health Officer of the City; and

WHEREAS, Section 7.04.050 of the Municipal Code of the City of San Mateo authorizes the City Council to make such additional rules and regulations as it deems necessary to secure the prompt and effective control of communicable diseases within the City; and

WHEREAS, on March 16, 2020, the City Council adopted Resolution No. 25 (2020) proclaiming the existence of a local emergency.

WHEREAS, on March 16, 2020, the Governor of the State of California, through Executive Order N-29-20, suspended the preemptive reach of state statutes imposing substantive limitations on residential and commercial evictions to the extent a local government chooses to impose limitations on evictions for non-payment of rent in the event of a substantial decrease in household or business income or substantial cut-of-pocket medical expenses caused by the COVID-19 pandemic or by an local, state, or federal government response to COVID-19; and

WHEREAS, by its term, the Governor's order suspending the preemptive effect of the state statutes on evictions will expire on May 31, 2020, unless state Health Officer of the City; and

WHEREAS, on March 19, the Governor of the State of California, through Executive Order N-33-20, imposed a statewide shelter in place order except as he to maintain continuity of operations of the federal critical infrastructure sectors or to access necessities such as food, prescriptions, and health care or other authorized uses; and

WHEREAS, the Governor of the State of California has stated that individuals exposed to COVID-19 may be temporarily unable to report to work due to COVID-19 or quarantines related to COVID-19 and individuals directly affected by COVID-19 may experience potential loss of income, health care and medical care, and ability to pay for housing and basic needs, thereby placing increased demands on already strained regional and local health and social resources, including state and food banks; and

WHEREAS, as a result of the public health emergency, the precautions recommended by state and county health officers, and in compliance with orders by those officers, many businesses in San Mateo have experienced or expect soon to experience sudden and unexpected income loss; and

WHEREAS, on March 23, 2020, the San Mateo City Council adopted Ordinance No. 2020-2 to establish emergency limitations on the ability of landlords to evict small businesses and nonprofit tenants for nonpayment of rent due to financial difficulties arising out of the COVID-19 Pandemic; and

WHEREAS, the City Council desires to extend the term of an eviction moratorium originally enacted by Ordinance No. 2020-2 and to provide additional tenants to be protected during the local emergency as described in the administrative report provided to the City Council with this Ordinance.

NOW, THEREFORE, THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SAN MATEO ORDAINS AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Incorporation of Recite. The City Council finds that the foregoing facts and administrative report presented with this Ordinance are true and correct and Section 1, Incorporation of Recite. The City Council finds that the foregoing facts and administrative report presented with this Ordinance are true and correct and incorporated into this Ordinance by its reference and adopted as findings of the City Council.

Section 2. Findings. The City Council hereby finds, determines, and declares that this emergency ordinance, adopted pursuant to Section 2.16 of the City Charter of San Mateo, is necessary because:

(a) further economic impacts are anticipated as a result of COVID-19-related workplace closures, childcare expenditures due to school closures, health care, labor shortages and other expenditures stemming from compliance with emergency orders, leaving nonprofit and small business tenants vulnerable to eviction; and

(b) these economic impacts may impact nonprofit and small businesses from fulfilling their financial obligations, including rent and public utility payments; water, sewer, and solid waste collection charges; and

(c) during this local emergency, and in the interest of protecting the public welfare it is essential to avoid unnecessary termination of nonprofit and small businesses; and

(d) in the interest of the public welfare, as affected by the emergency caused by the spread of COVID-19, it is necessary for the City Council to its self-adopt this Ordinance related to the protection of life and property.

Section 3. Urgent Need. Based on the foregoing facts and findings, all of which are deemed true and correct, this Ordinance is urgently needed for the immediate protection of the public peace, health, safety, or welfare. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately upon adoption in accordance with Section 2.16 of the City Charter.

Section 4. A temporary moratorium on eviction for non-payment of rent by small business and nonprofit entity tenants impacted by the COVID-19 crisis is imposed as to Section 4. A temporary moratorium on eviction for non-payment of rent by small business and nonprofit entity tenants impacted by the COVID-19 crisis is imposed as to the period of local emergency declared in response to COVID-19, no landlord shall endeavor to evict a tenant in any of the following situations:

(a) During the period of local emergency, a landlord who knows that a tenant cannot pay some or all of the rent temporarily due to the reasons set forth in this Ordinance, shall not serve a notice pursuant to Civil Code Section 54.1(a) or (b) to evict the tenant, and shall not file a lawsuit to evict the tenant, until the local emergency has ended; and

(b) For purposes of this Ordinance, "in writing" includes email or text communications to a landlord in compliance with the Ordinance, and only provides documentation to support the claim. For purposes of this Ordinance, "in writing" includes email or text communications to a landlord in compliance with the Ordinance with whom the tenant has previously corresponded for the purpose of this Ordinance, and only provides documentation to support the claim. Nothing in this Ordinance shall release the tenant of their obligation to pay rent, and only if the tenant must pay all unpaid rent within six months of the date the local emergency is lifted. If after this initial six-month period the tenant is unable to pay some or all of the unpaid rent, the tenant shall be entitled to another six-month period to pay all unpaid rent, provided that during this second six-month period the tenant shall pay on a date at least 50% of the average monthly rent that has been deferred. A landlord may not charge or collect a late fee for rent that is delayed for the reasons stated in 1 or 2.

(c) Prior to taking any action, a landlord who knows that a tenant cannot pay some or all of the rent temporarily due to the reasons set forth in this Ordinance, shall not file a lawsuit to evict the tenant, and shall not file a lawsuit to evict the tenant, until the local emergency has ended; and

(d) For purposes of this Ordinance, "in writing" includes email or text communications to a landlord in compliance with the Ordinance, and only provides documentation to support the claim. For purposes of this Ordinance, "in writing" includes email or text communications to a landlord in compliance with the Ordinance with whom the tenant has previously corresponded for the purpose of this Ordinance, and only provides documentation to support the claim. Nothing in this Ordinance shall release the tenant of their obligation to pay rent, and only if the tenant must pay all unpaid rent within six months of the date the local emergency is lifted. If after this initial six-month period the tenant is unable to pay some or all of the unpaid rent, the tenant shall be entitled to another six-month period to pay all unpaid rent, provided that during this second six-month period the tenant shall pay on a date at least 50% of the average monthly rent that has been deferred. A landlord may not charge or collect a late fee for rent that is delayed for the reasons stated in 1 or 2.

(e) For the purposes of this Ordinance, "in writing" includes email or text communications to a landlord in compliance with the Ordinance, and only provides documentation to support the claim. For purposes of this Ordinance, "in writing" includes email or text communications to a landlord in compliance with the Ordinance with whom the tenant has previously corresponded for the purpose of this Ordinance, and only provides documentation to support the claim. Nothing in this Ordinance shall release the tenant of their obligation to pay rent, and only if the tenant must pay all unpaid rent within six months of the date the local emergency is lifted. If after this initial six-month period the tenant is unable to pay some or all of the unpaid rent, the tenant shall be entitled to another six-month period to pay all unpaid rent, provided that during this second six-month period the tenant shall pay on a date at least 50% of the average monthly rent that has been deferred. A landlord may not charge or collect a late fee for rent that is delayed for the reasons stated in 1 or 2.

(f) For the purposes of this Ordinance, "in writing" includes email or text communications to a landlord in compliance with the Ordinance, and only provides documentation to support the claim. For purposes of this Ordinance, "in writing" includes email or text communications to a landlord in compliance with the Ordinance with whom the tenant has previously corresponded for the purpose of this Ordinance, and only provides documentation to support the claim. Nothing in this Ordinance shall release the tenant of their obligation to pay rent, and only if the tenant must pay all unpaid rent within six months of the date the local emergency is lifted. If after this initial six-month period the tenant is unable to pay some or all of the unpaid rent, the tenant shall be entitled to another six-month period to pay all unpaid rent, provided that during this second six-month period the tenant shall pay on a date at least 50% of the average monthly rent that has been deferred. A landlord may not charge or collect a late fee for rent that is delayed for the reasons stated in 1 or 2.

AYES: Council Members Goehls, Rodriguez, Borillo, Lee and Pagan
NOES: None
ABSENT: None
ATTEST: /s/ Françoise M. Ouds, City Clerk

/s/ Liza Goehls, Mayor

Section 5. Environmental Determination. In accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) guidelines section 15261(b)(3), adoption of this ordinance is exempt from the provisions of CEQA, because there is no possibility that the implementation of this ordinance may have a significant effect on the environment. Ordinance will apply tenant protections to tenants in existing buildings for a limited period of time.

Section 6. Severability. In the event any section, clause or provision of this ordinance shall be determined invalid or unconstitutional, such section, clause or provision shall be deemed severable and all other sections or portions thereof shall remain in full force and effect.

Section 7. Publication. This Ordinance shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in accord with Section 2.16 of the City Charter.

Legislative History and Effective Date. This ordinance was introduced and adopted on June 29, 2020, and shall be effective immediately upon adoption.

The foregoing ordinance was adopted by the City Council of the City of San Mateo, State of California by the following vote: